

Universal Claim Form for a Compounded Medication®

Recognized by the International Academy of Compounding Pharmacists

Compounding is simply the mixing of one or more drugs to fill a doctor's prescription. Physicians prescribe compounded medications when they believe that it is the best therapy for the patient.

Compounding of medications by pharmacists is a longstanding and traditional part of pharmacy. The right—if not the obligation—to compound exists under the pharmacy laws of each of the fifty states and is pervasively regulated by the fifty states. States require that pharmacy schools must—as part of their core curriculum—instruct students on the compounding of pharmaceuticals.

Compounding, which benefits innumberable patients, has long played an integral part in the American health care system. Physicians routinely prescribe millions of compounded medications each year.

NDC numbers are identifier numbers for manufactured drug products. Therefore, compounded medications, which are prepared in the pharmacy for an individual patient need and are not manufactured, do not have nor or they required by law to have NDC numbers.

The process of assigning NDC numbers was established for manufactured products. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) assigns a five-digit number to identify a manufacturer that is registered and listed with the agency. The manufacturer then as-signs a four-digit, product identification number and a two-digit, size number to the approved product.

The FDA says:

"...drug manufacturers are required to register and list their drug products with the Food and Drug Administration. The manufacturer is then assigned a registration number and a labeler code. The labeler code is the first set of digits in the 11-digit NDC number. The second and third set of digits in the NDC code, the product and package number respectively, are assigned by the manufacturer.

A compounded drug, i.e., a drug compounded by a pharmacist on order of a licensed practitioner, is not subject to these regulations and does not receive an

NDC number. Such compounding of drugs is considered the practice of pharmacy/medicine."

NDC numbers standardize the reimbursement process for manufactured products because they represent the medication dispensed. If an NDC number for a manufactured medication is assigned to a compounded medication, that NDC number could be considered to be fraudulent. Unfortunately, the lack of an NDC number complicates the reimbursement process for compounded medications. There is not a standardized way to process a claim for a compounded medication. The pharmacist cannot submit it electronically like claims for manufactured products.

However, because the compounded medication is a prescribed medication by a licensed practitioner, the patient can manually submit the claim and receive reimbursement for the compounded prescription.

Reimbursement for any medication is not based on the presence or lack of an NDC number, but on the presence of a prescription by a licensed practitioner.

International Academy of Compounding Pharmacists (IACP)

If you have any questions about this claim form or the organization, please call 1-800-927-4227 or 281-933-8400, or visit our website: www.iacprx.org.

Compounding

The preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a drug or device as the result of a practitioner's prescription drug order or initiative based on the practitioner/patient/pharmacist relationship in the course of professional practice or for the purpose of or as in incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale or dispensing. Compounding also includes the preparation of drugs or devices in anticipation of prescription drug orders based on routine, regularly observed prescribing patterns.

International Academy of Compounding Pharmacists (IACP) Code of Ethics

Preamble

A compounding pharmacist is a state-licensed pharmacist who provides and promotes prescription compounding services utilizing his/her knowledge and skill in the art and skill of prescription compounding. Hereafter referred to as a "compounder." These principles of professional conduct are established to guide compounders in relationships with patients, fellow practitioners, other health care professionals and the public.

adhere to the American Pharmaceutical Association's "Code of Ethics for Pharmacists".

comply with state laws regulating compounding pharmacy. maintain the standards set by the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy, "Good Compounding Practices for State-Licensed Pharmacies". foster the triad relationship between the patient, the prescriber and the pharmacist.

seek to optimize treatment outcomes by providing clinical services to patients. set personal continuing education goals to expand their prescription compounding knowledge base. Such resources as professional continuing education programs, online literature search services, peer networking and compounding-specific literature may be used to reach these goals. adhere to professional standards when promoting their compounding services and utilize the triad relationship as a basis for such promotion. should associate with organizations having for their objective the betterment of the profession of pharmacy and should contribute time and funds to carry on the work of these organizations.



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PHARMACY INFORMATION					Pharmacist's Name	Pharmacist's Name			Date		
					Pharmacist's License #			NABI	NABP#		
					Pharmacist's Signature	Pharmacist's Signature			State ID#		
Name Telephone					Name			Talan	Telephone		
Name			relephone		Name	Name			Telephone		
Address					Address						
Cin.					City State Zip						
City		State	State Zip		City		State		Zip		
Birthdate	Birthdate Sex Social Se		Security/Subscriber I.D. No.		Birthdate Sex		Social Security/Subs		criber I.D. No.		
Pariords Palationship to Go V. U.											
Patient's Relationship to Cardholder					Employer	Employer	Employer I.D.				
					Group No.	Group No.			Plan No.		
Patient Authorization											
I hereby authorize release of information to health care providers, institutions, and /or payers that may pertain to my illness and/or treatment received.											
I certify that the information I have reported with regard to my insurance coverage is correct, and I have received the pharmacist care/services rendered.											
				Patient Signature	Patient Signature Date						
I hereby authorize my Pharmacy (in either case, "Pharmacy") to execute on my behalf any assignment of benefits documents required to permit my insurer											
to make payment directly to Pharmacy or its assigns. I understand that any amounts not paid by insurer because of deductible clauses, lack of coverage,											
or refusal to accept assignment of benefits shall be my responsibility.											
								Date			
Medication Name								Price			
Prescription Number			ays Suppl	y	Date Filled	Date Filled					
Dosage Form					Strength						
Active Ingredients					Quantity Dispensed						
Prescriber's Name					DEA#						
Dhormes sist A	uthonization				•						
Pharmacist Authorization I hereby certify that the above compounded medication was ordered by the stated prescriber specifically for the stated patient. This medication is not											
commercially available in this formulation or dosage form. The compounding was done using the highest possible standards, pure chemicals or drugs and contemporary technology. Because this prescription medication is compounded and not manufactured, an NDC number is not required for reimburesement.											
Comemporary commonogy. Because and prescription incurcation is compounded and not manufactured, an MDC number is not required for remindresement.											
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10 1 1:00		c		. 0	Pharmacist Sign			Date			
			-		ır insurance company, Commissioner at						
please contact us, your employee benefits manager, or the State Insurance Commissioner at											

Form Number USC0001

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